YELLOW VERSION
 Score: \_\_\_\_\_\_/ 50

| PSTAT 5A / MIDTERM EXAM 2 / Sprin      | AM 2/ Spring 2023Instructor: Ethan Marzba |                       |
|--|---|-----------------------|
| Name:<br>First, then Last              | UCSB NetID:                               | NOT your Perm Number! |
| Circle the section you <u>attend</u> : | Nicholas 12, 12:50mm                      | Niekolas 1 1.50mm     |
| Your Seat Number:                      | Nickolas 12 - 12:50pm                     | Nickolas I - 1:50pm   |
| Person Sitting to your Left:           |   |                       |
| Person Sitting to your Right:          |   |                       |

Instructions:

- You will have **65 minutes** to complete this exam.
- You are allowed the use of a single **8.5** × **11-inch** sheet, front and back, of notes. You are also permitted the use of **calculators**; the use of any and all other electronic devices (laptops, cell phones, etc.) is prohibited.
- For Multiple Choice Questions: fill in the bubble corresponding to your answer directly on the exam. Partial credit will **not** be awarded.
- For Free Response Questions: be sure to include **all** of your work! Correct answers with no supporting work will **not** receive full points.
- PLEASE DO NOT DETACH ANY PAGES FROM THIS EXAM.
- Good Luck!!!

**Honor Code:** In signing my name below, I certify that all work appearing on this exam is entirely my own and not copied from any external source. I further certify that I have not received any unauthorized aid while taking this exam.

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| <b>Problem 1.</b> A 97% confidence interval for some population parameter $\theta$ has been constructed using a particular dataset. Would we expect the width of a 72% confidence interval for $\theta$ , constructed using the same dataset, to be wider than or narrower than the width of the 97% confidence interval?  | [1pts.] |
|--|---------|
| () Wider   |         |
| ○ Narrower   |         |
| $\bigcirc$ The same width  |         |
| <b>Problem 2.</b> 500 fair six-sided dice are rolled independently of each other, and the outcomes are recorded. What is the expected number of dice (out of these 500) that land on the number 1?   | [1pts.] |
| O 0.1667   |         |
| $\bigcirc$ 1.0000  |         |
| ○ 250.0000   |         |
| 0 83.3333  |         |
| $\bigcirc$ None of the above.  |         |
| <ul> <li>Problem 3. Suppose 34% of all residents in a particular country live in a two-story home. In a representative sample of 300 residents, 30% are found to live in a two-story home. Select the answer choice that best fills in the blanks in the following sentence:</li> <li>The value of 34% is a <u>(Blank 1)</u>, and the value of 30% is a <u>(Blank 2)</u>.</li> <li>Blank 1: population parameter; Blank 2: population parameter</li> <li>Blank 1: population parameter; Blank 2: sample statistic</li> <li>Blank 1: sample statistic; Blank 2: population parameter</li> <li>Blank 1: sample statistic; Blank 2: sample statistic</li> </ul> | [1pts.] |
| <b>Problem 4.</b> Does the expected value of a random variable have to be an element of the random variable's state space?   | [1pts.] |
| $\bigcirc$ Yes   |         |
| ○ No   |         |
| <pre>Problem 5. What module contains the function t.ppf()?</pre>   | [1pts.] |
|  |         |



What is the probability that is shaded in the figure above? (If the figure is hard to read: the region shaded is the region underneath the density curve between x = 0.1 and x = 0.8.)

- $\bigcirc \mathbb{P}(X \le 0.1) \mathbb{P}(X \le 0.8)$
- $\bigcirc \mathbb{P}(X \le 0.8) \mathbb{P}(X \le 0.1)$
- $\bigcirc \mathbb{P}(X \ge 0.1) \mathbb{P}(X \le 0.8)$
- $\bigcirc \mathbb{P}(X \le 0.1) \mathbb{P}(X \ge 0.8)$
- $\bigcirc$  None of the above.
- **Problem 7.** The time it takes Johnny to bike from his apartment to UCSB varies uniformly between 18.3 minutes and 23.5 minutes. What is the probability that Johnny will take exactly 20 minutes to bike from his apartment to UCSB today?
  - $\bigcirc$  0.0000
  - 0.1923
  - 0.3269
  - 0.6730
  - $\bigcirc\,$  None of the above.

Problem 8. What is the correct syntax to import the numpy module with the nickname np? [1pts.]

- import numpy as np
- import numpy with name np
- import.numpy.np
- import numpy with nickname np

[1pts.]

**Problem 9.** Karla would like to compute the standard deviation of the list of numbers [1, 4, 3, 6, 10]. To do so, she has imported the numpy module (not with any nickname), and is going to run std([1, 4, 3, 6, 10]). Will this give her the desired result? As a reminder, the formula we use in this class to compute standard deviation is

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1}\sum_{i=1}^{n}(x_i-\overline{x})^2}$$

- $\bigcirc$  Yes, it will give her the desired result.
- No, because she needs to pass in the argument ddof = 1 to her call to std().
- No, because she has copied down the wrong list of numbers.
- $\bigcirc$  None of the above.

Problem 10. Consider the following code cell:

y = 0
for k in np.arange(0, 10):
 y = k - 1

What will be the value of y after running the above code cell once?

[1pts.]

## **Free Response Questions**

| Problem 11. The duration of a randomly selected flight out of SBA (Santa Barbara |         |
|--|---------|
| Airport) is uniformly distributed between 50 minutes and 200 minutes.            |         |
| (a) Define the random variable of interest, and call it $X$ .                    | [1pts.] |

(b) Sketch the density curve of *X*. Make sure you clearly label any points of [2pts.] importance on your graph.

(c) What is the probability that a randomly selected flight will have duration [2pts.] between 70 and 140 minutes?

(d) A sample of 10 flights is taken (with replacement). What is the probability [4pts.] that this sample contains exactly 4 flights with duration between 70 and 140 minutes?

- **Problem 12.** An electrician collects a representative sample of 45 *GauchoBuzz*-brand batteries and records their average lifetime (in years). The average lifetime of her sample of 45 batteries is 1.92 years, and the standard deviation of lifetimes in her sample is 0.5 years.
  - (a) Define the random variable of interest,  $\overline{X}$ .

[1pts.]

(b) What distribution would we use to construct a 95% confidence interval [3pts.] for the true average lifetime of a *GauchoBuzz*-brand battery? Be sure to include any/all relevant parameter(s), and check any/all conditions!

(c) Construct a 95% confidence interval for the true average lifetime of a *Gau-* [3pts.] *choBuzz*-brand battery, and interpret your interval.

- **Problem 13.** Cillian, the owner of *Cillian's Ice Cream*, believes that 77% of his customers pay with credit card. To test his suspicion, he takes a representative sample of 170 customers and finds that 74% of these customers pay with credit card. With this data, he wishes to conduct a two-sided hypothesis test at an  $\alpha = 0.05$  level of significance.
  - (a) Write down the null and alternative hypotheses for this test. Be sure to use [2pts.] mathematical notation, and define any variables you use.

(b) Compute the value of the test statistic.

[3pts.]

(c) What is the distribution of the test statistic, assuming the null hypothesis [2pts.] is correct? Be sure to check any relevant conditions, and be sure to specify any/all necessary parameter(s) in your final answer!

(d) Find the critical value of the test.

[2pts.]

(e) Now, conduct the hypothesis test and state your conclusions in the context [2pts.] of the problem.

**Problem 14.** A random variable *X* has the following probability mass function (p.m.f):

(a) What is the state space  $S_X$  of X?

(b) Is X a discrete random variable or a continuous random variable? Justify [1pts.] your answer.

(c) Find the value of *a*.

[2pts.]

(d) Compute  $\mathbb{P}(X \leq 1)$ .

[2pts.]

(e) Compute  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ , the expected value of *X*. (Make sure you plug in the value [3pts.] for *a* you found in part (d) above.)

(f) Compute Var(*X*), the variance of *X*. (Make sure you plug in the value for [4pts.] *a* you found in part (d) above.)