

## Miscellaneous Formulae

*Please note- it is up to you to understand what each formula means, and it is also up to you to know which formula you need to use in a given situation. We (the Course Staff) will not be able to answer any questions about these formulas during the Exam.* 

$$\begin{split} \overline{x} &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i \\ IQR &= Q_3 - Q_1 \\ 0 &\leq \mathbb{P}(A) \leq 1 \\ \mathbb{P}(A^{\mathbb{C}}) &= 1 - \mathbb{P}(A) \\ \mathbb{P}(E \mid F) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F)}{\mathbb{P}(F)} \text{ provided that } \mathbb{P}(F) \neq 0 \\ \mathbb{P}(E \mid F) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(F \mid E) \cdot \mathbb{P}(E)}{\mathbb{P}(F)} \text{ provided that } \mathbb{P}(F) \neq 0 \\ \mathbb{P}(E \mid F) &= \mathbb{P}(E \mid F) = \mathbb{P}(E); \quad \mathbb{P}(F \mid E) = \mathbb{P}(F); \quad \mathbb{P}(E \cap F) = \mathbb{P}(E) \cdot \mathbb{P}(F) \\ 0 &= 1 \\ \mathbb{P}(E \mid F) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \mid E) \cdot \mathbb{P}(E)}{\mathbb{P}(E)} \text{ provided that } \mathbb{P}(E) \neq 0 \text{ and } \mathbb{P}(F) \neq 0 \\ \mathbb{P}(E \mid F) &= \mathbb{P}(E \mid F) = \mathbb{P}(E); \quad \mathbb{P}(F \mid E) = \mathbb{P}(F); \quad \mathbb{P}(E \cap F) = \mathbb{P}(E) \cdot \mathbb{P}(F) \\ 0 &= 1 \\ \mathbb{P}(E \mid F) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \mid F) = \mathbb{P}(E); \quad \mathbb{P}(F \mid E) = \mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \mathbb{P}(E \cap F) + \mathbb{P}(E \cap F^{\mathbb{C}}) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \mathbb{P}(E \cap F) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \mathbb{P}(E \cap F) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \mathbb{P}(E) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) \\ \mathbb{P}(E) &= \mathbb{P}(E) \\ \mathbb{P}($$